

# 16<sup>th</sup> Century (Species) Counterpoint

10 Nov 2017

### First Species Achievement Unlocked!

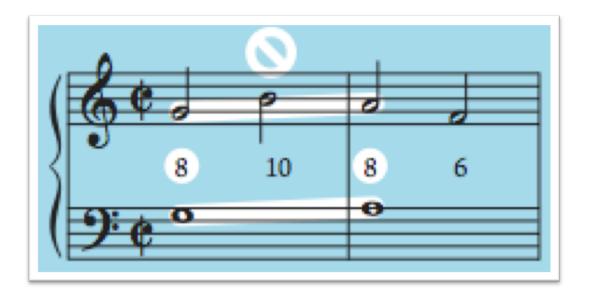
- Now that you have tried this, we can add oblique motion
  - When contrapuntal line stays on the same note above/below a moving CF
    - Remember you can't repeat pitches in your CF
  - Repeat only once (not three in row)
  - Be sure to respect contrary motion rules regarding treatment of leaps

# Second Species

- Contrapuntal line in half notes over whole note CF (cantus firmus)
- RULES are mostly the same:
  - Start on second half note of measure I with perfect interval (start on tonic pitch if below CF)
  - Do not leap to a high note on the downbeat (shock!)
  - Dissonant intervals ok as **passing tones** only
    - Stepping up/down scale between consonances
    - Circle the dissonant interval numbers
    - Never leap to or from a dissonance
  - Unison can appear in middle now, provided it falls on beat 3
    - Careful not to cross or overlap voices

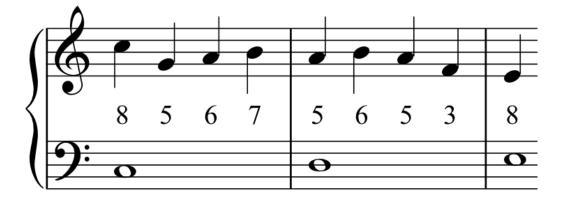
# Second Species (continued)

- Treat those perfect intervals right!
  - If perfect interval on downbeat, approach by contrary motion, stepwise in at least one voice
  - Avoid parallel 5ths and 8ves on consecutive downbeats (and all beats in between)



# **Third Species**

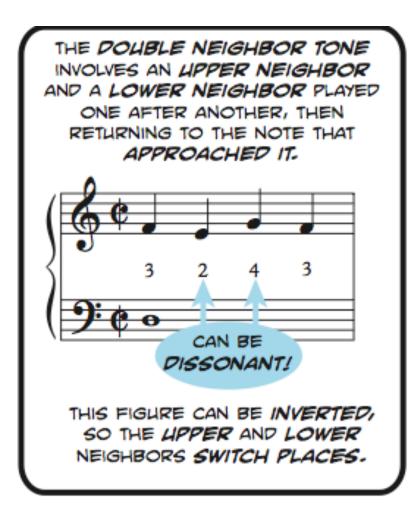
- Contrapuntal line in **quarter notes** over whole note CF (cantus firmus)
- RULES:
  - Don't leap more than once in same direction (consecutively)
  - All leaps >3<sup>rd</sup> must be counterbalanced by steps in opposite direction (like 5<sup>th</sup> in 1<sup>st</sup> species)



### Third Species Consonance and Dissonance

- Downbeat must be consonant, always
- Beat 3 is usually consonant, too, unless it's the only dissonance in the measure
- Beats 2 and 4 can be dissonant as long as they are passing tones or **neighbor** tones
- Two special figures also OK...

#### **Double Neighbor**



#### Nota Cambiata

